

European Medicines Agency Evaluation of Medicines for Human Use

London, 14 January 2010 Doc. Ref. EMA/HMPC/289430/2009

COMMITTEE ON HERBAL MEDICINAL PRODUCTS (HMPC)

DRAFT

COMMUNITY HERBAL MONOGRAPH ON HEDERA HELIX L., FOLIUM

DISCUSSION IN WORKING PARTY ON COMMUNITY MONOGRAPHS AND COMMUNITY LIST (MLWP)	12 May 2009 November 2009 January 2010
ADOPTION BY HMPC FOR RELEASE FOR CONSULTATION	14 January 2010
END OF CONSULTATION (DEADLINE FOR COMMENTS)	15 June 2010
REDISCUSSION IN WORKING PARTY ON COMMUNITY MONOGRAPHS AND COMMUNITY LIST (MLWP)	
ADOPTION BY HMPC	

Comments should be provided using this <u>template</u> to <u>hmpc.secretariat@ema.europa.eu</u> Fax: +44 20 75 23 70 51

KEYWORDS	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; Community herbal monographs; well-
	established medicinal use; traditional use; <i>Hedera helix</i> L.; Hederae helicis
	folium; ivy leaf

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COMMUNITY HERBAL MONOGRAPH ON HEDERA HELIX L., FOLIUM

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

To be specified for the individual finished product.

QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION 1 2 2.

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
With regard to the marketing authorisation application of Article 10(a) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended	With regard to the registration application of Article 16d(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended
Hedera helix L., folium (ivy leaf)	Hedera helix L., folium (ivy leaf))
i) Herbal substance Not applicable	i) Herbal substance Not applicable
ii) Herbal preparationsA) dry extract (DER 4-8:1), extraction solvent ethanol 30 % m/m	ii) Herbal preparations A) soft extract (DER 2.2-2.9:1), extraction solvent ethanol 50 % V/V: propylene glycol
B) dry extract (DER 6-7:1), extraction solvent ethanol 40 % m/m	(98:2) B) liquid extract (DER 1:1), extraction solvent
C) dry extract (DER 3-6:1), extraction solvent ethanol 60 % m/m	ethanol 70 % V/V

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Well-established use	Traditional use
Herbal preparation in solid or liquid dosage forms for oral use.	Herbal preparation in solid or liquid dosage forms for oral use.
The pharmaceutical form should be described by the European Pharmacopoeia full standard term.	The pharmaceutical form should be described by the European Pharmacopoeia full standard term.

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¹ The material complies with the Eur. Ph. monograph (ref.: 01/2008:2148).
² The declaration of the active substance(s) for an individual finished product should be in accordance with relevant herbal quality guidance

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1. Therapeutic indications

Well-established use

Herbal medicinal product used as an expectorant in case of productive cough

Traditional use

Herbal medicinal product traditionally used in common cold.

The product is a traditional herbal medicinal product for use in specified indication exclusively based upon long-standing use.

4.2. Posology and method of administration

Well-established use

Posology

Adolescents, adults and elderly

Herbal preparation A: Single dose: 15-65 mg

Average daily dose: 45-105 mg

Herbal preparation B: Single dose: 14-18 mg

Average daily dose: 42-54 mg

Herbal preparation C: Single dose: 33 mg

Average daily dose: 66 mg

Children between 6-12 years of age

Herbal preparation A: Single dose: 11-33 mg

Average daily dose: 33-70 mg

Herbal preparation B: Single dose: 9-18 mg

Average daily dose: 15-40 mg

Herbal preparation C: Single dose: 25 mg Average daily dose: 50 mg

Children between 4-5 years of age

Herbal preparation A: Single dose: 8-18 mg

Average daily dose: 25-35 mg

Herbal preparation B: Single dose: 7-9 mg Average daily dose: 17-27

Traditional use

Posology

Adolescents, adults and elderly

Herbal preparation A: Single dose: 40 mg

Average daily dose: 120 mg

Herbal preparation B: Single dose: 100 mg

Average daily dose: 300 mg

The use in children under 12 years of age is not recommended (see section 4.4 'Special warnings and precautions for use').

Duration of use

Not to be used for more than 2 weeks.

If the symptoms persist longer than a week during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

Method of administration

Oral use.

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Herbal preparation C: Single dose: 17 mg

Average daily dose: 33 mg

The use in children under 4 years of age is not recommended (see section 4.4 'Special warnings and precautions for use').

Duration of use

The medicinal product should not be used longer than 4-5 days without medical advice.

If the symptoms do not improve during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.

Method of administration

Oral use.

4.3. Contraindications

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Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to plants of the Araliaceae family.

Traditional use

Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to plants of the Araliaceae family.

4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

Well-established use

The use is not recommended in children below 4 years of age due to insufficient data.

The use in children below one year of age may cause vomiting and diarrhoea.

Concomitant use with antitussives as codeine or dextromethorphane is not recommended without medical advice.

Caution is recommended in patients with gastritis or gastric ulcer.

If dyspnoea, fever or purulent sputum occurs, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.

Traditional use

The use in children under 12 years of age is not recommended due to lack of adequate data.

Concomitant use with antitussives as codeine or dextromethorphane is not recommended without medical advice.

Caution is recommended in patients with gastritis or gastric ulcer.

If dyspnoea, fever or purulent sputum occurs, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.

For tinctures extracts containing ethanol the appropriate labelling for ethanol, taken from the 'Guideline on excipients in the label and package leaflet of medicinal products for human use', must be included.

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4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
None reported.	None reported.

4.6. Pregnancy and lactation

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not been established. The use during pregnancy and lactation is not recommended.

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.	No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.

4.8. Undesirable effects

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
Common - Gastrointestinal reactions (nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea) have been reported. Uncommon - Allergic reactions (urticaria, skin rash, tuberoses, dyspnoea) can occur.	Allergic reactions (urticaria, skin rash, tuberoses, dyspnoea) and gastrointestinal reactions (nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea) have been reported. The frequency is not known.
	If other adverse reactions not mentioned above occur, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

4.9. Overdose

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
Overdose can provoke nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and agitation.	Overdose can provoke nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and agitation.
	A 4 year old child developed aggressivity and diarrhoea after accidental intake of an ivy extract corresponding 1.8 g herbal substance.

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5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>	
Pharmacotherapeutic group: respiratory system ATC code: RO5	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.	
Anti-inflammatory actions have been reported.		

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
No data available.	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

5.3. Preclinical safety data

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
α-Hederin, β-hederin and δ-hederin isolated from ivy leaf showed no mutagenic potential in the Ames test using <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> strain TA 98, with or without S9 activation. These three saponins showed dose-dependent antimutagenic effects against benz(a)pyrene at levels between 80 and 200 μ g/plate in the Ames test.	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended., unless necessary for the safe use of the product. Data on carcinogenicity, genotoxicity and reproductive toxicity testing are not available.
Data on carcinogenicity, genotoxicity and reproductive toxicity testing are not available.	

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
Not applicable	Not applicable.

7. DATE OF COMPILATION/LAST REVISION

14 January 2010

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